

# AMARILLO DAILY NEWS

VOL. IV. NO. 153.

AMARILLO, TEXAS, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30, 1913.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## AUSTRIAS COURSE STILL UNCERTAIN

ENDEAVORING TO INDUCE ITALY TO JOIN IN ACTION

LIKELY SEND ULTIMATUM

IT SEEMS CERTAIN THAT AUSTRIA WILL SOON DEMAND THE EVACUATION OF SCUTARI

By Associated Press.  
LONDON, England, April 29.—Up to a late hour tonight the British foreign office has no news that Austria is actually taking separate action against Montenegro.

It is understood that Austria is awaiting the result of the ambassadorial conference on Thursday and is employing the interval in an endeavor to induce Italy to join her in a military action.

The meetings of the ambassadors at London has shown almost conclusively that a majority of the powers are not prepared to adopt warlike measures against Montenegro. Thus it is practically certain that within a few days, whether Italy consents or not, Austria will send an ultimatum to Cetinje, demanding the immediate evacuation of Scutari. Not another word regarding Essad Pasha's doings in Albania last week when he proclaimed himself king, has been received. It is considered here that Essad Pasha is influential, with a strong following, and the prestige gained from his defense of Scutari, and that he will be more acceptable to the Albanians than a foreign prince, and that if allowed to retain his self-chosen post, he might be inclined to make a territorial concession which would compensate Montenegro for the loss of Scutari and satisfy European claims.

### New Baggage Rule in Effect.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 29.—Several problems which for years have been a source of trouble for railroad baggage agents throughout the country are solved by the recent ruling of the Interstate Commerce Commission, which went into effect today. The new ruling relates principally to charges for excess baggage. Whenever the dimensions of a trunk exceed 45 inches the railroads will be entitled to collect for each additional inch a charge equal to that for transporting 5 pounds of excess baggage. By the same rule the railroads are also authorized to refuse to transport as baggage trunks that are more than 72 inches in any dimension.

### BOY AND HORSE RUN DOWN BY AUTOMOBILE.

Special to Daily News.  
CLAUDE, Tex., April 29.—George Jones, 12-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Jones, was run down by an auto while riding home from school Monday night. The car struck the horse which the boy was riding, knocked the animal down and hurled the boy 20 feet from the road. The horse was pushed ahead about fifteen feet and then run over by the car. The animal was badly cut, the boy escaping with a few minor bruises.

### Count and American Bride Sail.

NEW YORK, April 29.—The Count and Countess Guy de Lanteyrie (Miss Constance Warren), whose marriage was one of the brilliant events in New York society last fall and who have since been spending a novel honeymoon hunting big game in the West, were among passengers sailing today for Europe. The couple plan to spend part of the summer at the Count's ancestral home, Chateau La Grande, near Paris. The place is famous as the old home of the Marquis de Lafayette, of whose family the Count is a descendant.

### Americans to Wed in Paris.

PARIS, April 29.—American society in the French metropolis is anticipating with interest the marriage tomorrow of Mrs. Richard T. Crane and Francis T. A. Junkin. Both are residents of Chicago. Mrs. Crane is the widow of Richard T. Crane, a noted manufacturer, who died about a year ago. Mr. Junkin is a graduate of Columbia University and has been prominent in club and social circles in Chicago for many years. The wedding will take place in the American Church on the Avenue de l'Alma.

## The WEATHER

Fair Wednesday.  
At 7 a. m. . . . 50 At 7 p. m. . . . 75  
Maximum . . . 82 Minimum . . . 50  
1912 max. . . 74 1912 min. . . 49

Weather Forecast.  
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 29.—West Texas—Fair Wednesday and probably Thursday.

## Japanese Premier, Radical Leader and Governor Johnson



Trouble between the United States and Japan over the proposed anti-alien land ownership act of California has brought into notice again Count Yamamoto, the premier, Count Okuma, who has done much to stir up the trouble, and Governor Hiram W. Johnson of California, the candidate for vice-president on the Progressive ticket, have become important figures in the situation.

While the Japanese premier has done much to restrain anti-American feeling in Japan, the populace there has looked largely to Count Okuma. He answered the other day with the statement that nothing but the influence of Christianity could prevent war between the two countries. He said he hoped the influence would be exerted. He has addressed several large meetings where much anti-American feeling was shown.

## WILL DEDICATE GREAT MEMORIAL

### MONUMENT TO JEFFERSON AND ACQUISITION OF LOUISIANA

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 29.—An event of nation-wide interest will be the dedication tomorrow of the great Jefferson Memorial which has been erected in Forest Park in this city. The dedication will be accompanied by a military pageant and an elaborate programme of addresses. The participants will include many notable visitors who will be in the city to take part in the American Peace Congress, which will begin its sessions Thursday. Among these visitors will be the governors of several states, United States Senators and representatives, administration officials and foreign diplomats from Washington and delegates representing numerous patriotic and peace organizations.

The memorial is a combined monument to Thomas Jefferson, third President of the United States, and a commemoration of the acquisition of the Louisiana territory. The day selected for the dedication will be the 116th anniversary of the Louisiana purchase, which was the greatest peaceable acquisition of territory in the history of the world. In many respects it stands alone among world monuments.

The monument was erected with a \$500,000 fund which was left from the receipts of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition in this city in 1904, after all the indebtedness of the exposition had been paid. The exposition was held to commemorate the centennial of the acquisition of the Louisiana territory, and the monument, growing out of the exposition, is in a way a perpetuation of the idea which promoted the exposition.

The memorial is in the form of a huge hall about 250 feet long and 75 feet wide. It will be used to house relics, interesting from an historical standpoint, of Thomas Jefferson, of the Louisiana purchase and of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

artificially decorated with emblems of the nation and state. To the east and west of the open arch extend the wings of the building. The facade of the wings is treated by immense pillars of stone. The exterior of the structure is of stone, while the interior is of concrete and marble.

The most striking artistic feature of the memorial, aside from the statue, are four polished eagles which stand on the four corners above the arch covering the Jefferson statue. The eagles are five feet high and were designed by Karl Bitter.

The statue of Jefferson, occupying the center of the rotunda, is of masterful lines and overpowering size. The work of the sculptor shows the statesman seated in a massive chair, which stands on a pedestal ten feet in height. The seated figure is nine feet high, giving the monument a height of 15 feet. The statue, like the eagles, is the work of Karl Bitter.

The main floor of the two wings of the building is divided into four large exhibit halls, several offices, and the Jefferson hall and ante-room. Jefferson hall, in which will be hung portraits of historic persons of the Louisiana purchase and paintings of notable places in the Louisiana territory, occupies the west wing. In the east wing will be the largest of the exhibit rooms, a museum of historic relics.

Another feature will be the historical library, which will include not only books but thousands of manuscripts and letters bearing upon the history of the Louisiana territory. The collection of manuscripts goes back to the French and Spanish sovereignty of the territory. The Indian collection also is large, including more than 35,000 specimens. Among the most notable of the Jefferson relics which will find a place in the museum in the east wing which Thomas Jefferson made and used at his home in Virginia.

Bitter's celebrated "Signing of the Treaty" will have a conspicuous place under the arch. This work of sculpture represents Monroe, Madison and Livingston putting their signatures to the Louisiana purchase treaty, April 30, 1803. Within the arch have been placed tablets of bronze bearing inscriptions relating to the history of the Louisiana purchase.

The building is fire proof throughout. The walls and stairs are of stone and marble, the window frames of steel and the doors of bronze. All of the tables, book stacks, exhibition cases and other interior furnishings are of metal.

## HEATED WRANGLES ON TARIFF BILL

MUCH TALKING AND LITTLE PROGRESS MARKED PROCEEDINGS

REPUBLICANS ATTACKED

DEMOCRATS MAKE VIGOROUS REPLY AND PROMPTLY VOTE DOWN VARIOUS AMENDMENTS TO MEASURE

By Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 29.—Heated wrangles marked the beginning of the reading of the tariff bill in the house for amendments. Little progress and much hot talk brought the speaker to the floor for a speech. All day Republicans offered amendments of various purposes in the chemical schedule, meeting with consistent defeat from the big Democratic majority. Several minor amendments were offered by the ways and means committee correcting phraseology adopted.

The Republicans, led by Representative Mann, began to attack various provisions of the first schedule, the chemical, declaring the weakness of the rates showed the need of investigations by the tariff board. Chairman Underwood replied that the Democrats had provided the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce in the department of commerce and that the Taft administration failed to vitalize the bureau, with appropriations prevented its utilization in the tariff investigation.

### Christian Endeavor Meet.

STANTON, Va., April 29.—Full of enthusiasm for a successful meeting, scores of members of the Virginia Christian Endeavor Union arrived in this city today for the annual convention of the State organization. The convention proceedings will continue until Friday. Speakers of wide prominence in religious work have been engaged to address the three evening sessions.

## FREIGHT RATES MAY BE REVISED

RATES ON FURNITURE AFFECTED BY COMMISSION DECISION

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 29.—Freight rates on all kinds of furniture in the Northwest were involved in a decision today by the Interstate Commerce Commission holding the proposed rates excessive and suggested a tariff embodying a "moderate advance." If the roads refuse to agree the commission will order the rates still lower as a maximum that may be charged for the next two years.

### Recognition of China IS DELAYED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 29.—Political developments in China have made it improbable that the United States will immediately recognize the new republic, and officials here believe there is therefore no danger of further complicating the delicate situation at Peking as the result of the conclusion of the new Power loan and the friction between Yuan Shi Kai and his cabinet on the one side and the powerful Radical party in the assembly on the other.

### Kindergarten Teachers Meet.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 29.—With several hundred delegates in attendance, the International Kindergarten Union opened its twentieth annual meeting in this city today with Miss Mable A. MacKinnon of Brooklyn presiding. The members include teachers of Canada, Australia, Mexico, Japan and several other countries. Miss Julia L. Lathrop, chief of the Federal Children's Bureau, and a number of other noted experts in the work of starting baby minds on the long road of learning will address the convention, which is to continue for several days. Morning and afternoon sessions are to be held at the New National museum, while the evening sessions will be held at Continental Memorial Hall.

### POLICEWOMEN WALK BEATS.

LOS ANGELES, April 29.—Two "plain clothes" patrol women will walk beats in the downtown districts of Los Angeles beginning May 1. The innovation was announced by Police Chief Sebastian today, accompanied by the statement that the police would devote most of their effort to the protection of girls.

## New Assistant Sec. of State



Former Governor John E. Osborne has been nominated for assistance secretary of state to succeed Huntington Wilson, who made that office during the Taft administration the most important in the department under his head.

Governor Osborne was born in Westport, N. Y., 53 years ago. At the age of 16 he was apprenticed to a druggist in Vermont and later was graduated from the university of that state as a physician. He went west in search of practice and settled at Rawlins, Wyo., where he was employed as a surgeon by the Union Pacific Railroad. Later he engaged in raising sheep and became the largest sheep owner in the state. He has been a member of the state legislature, a mayor of his city, a delegate to several national Democratic conventions, governor of his state, and in 1899 was the free silver candidate for United States senator.

## BATTLE EXPECTED IN MEXICO CITY

BUSINESS IS DEMORALIZED AND GENERAL CONDITIONS ALARMING

By Associated Press.  
NEW ORLEANS, La., April 29.—Life and property are not safe in Mexico City, and another battle may be expected at any time, according to refugees arriving today. Business is demoralized and exchange is higher than it has been in a quarter of a century.

### "GUN-WOMEN" SUFFRAGETTES.

LONDON, April 29.—The expiration of the limited license under which Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the militant leader, was released on April 12 from Holloway jail, where she was serving three years' imprisonment, caused a great crowd to assemble today at the house where she has been staying to recover from the effects of her "hunger strike."

The people's expectation of seeing her (wholly returned to jail was disappointed, the authorities having in the meantime decided to extend her license, owing to her unsatisfactory health.

In the meantime the occupants of the house where Mrs. Pankhurst was staying had placed it in a state of siege. One of the militants who had been inside the house said it would have been necessary for the police to pass three barricades before they could reach Mrs. Pankhurst, who was surrounded with what she described as "one gun woman." She continued.

"The only thing we fear is that the water may be cut off. We are provisioned for a siege of a fortnight or longer and the police may meet with a reception which may remind them of Sydney street." This was the street in White Chapel where the anarchist murderers held the police and firemen at bay for a long period in January, 1911.

The police inspector in charge of the squad of 70 policemen on duty in the square said:

"It is doubtful whether Mrs. Pankhurst is in the house. She has a number of friends who occupy neighboring houses and she may have escaped over the roofs to one of these."

### ORDER OPERA RELEASED.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., April 29.—General Ojeda and members of his staff, arrested last night, were released this afternoon by orders from Washington. They leave for Mexico tonight.

## BRYAN'S MISSION HAS PROVED UNAVAILING

Few Minutes After Conference The Senate Passed Unanimously Obnoxious Bill

IT WAS BELIEVED THAT A SOLUTION HAD BEEN FOUND

ATTORNEY GENERAL HAD DRAFTED A MEASURE AT THE SUGGESTION OF JOHNSON THAT MET THE ENDS DESIRED AND WOULD NOT OFFEND

(By Associated Press)

SACRAMENTO, Cal., April 29.—If the purpose of the visit of Secretary Bryan was to check further action by the Legislature on the anti-alien land law, directed against the Japanese, the mission has been a failure.

The conference between Secretary Bryan and the Legislature closed at 11:30 o'clock tonight.

Within three minutes, and before most spectators knew what had occurred, Senator A. E. Boynton, president protem of the Upper House, convened the Senate and the amended land bill, which provides that no alien who is ineligible to citizenship may hold real property in California, was adopted by a unanimous viva voce vote.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., April 29.—The possibility of an amicable settlement of the alien land controversy by means of a new bill drawn in strict conformity with the treaty between the United States and Japan, was confronted tonight at the third conference between Secretary Bryan and the California Legislature.

Attorney General U. S. Webb drafted the new measure at the suggestion of Governor Johnson, and a copy was immediately placed in the hands of Bryan. The term "ineligible citizenship," which is declared by Bryan to be odious to the Japanese is not included, and Progressive Republican leaders are confident that they have arrived at the solution of the problem that will receive the endorsement of President Wilson.

Secretary Bryan declined to comment publicly on the new bill. The principal features are: All aliens eligible to citizenship may acquire and hold land in the same manner as citizens of the United States; all other aliens may acquire and hold land in the manner and to the extent and for the purposes prescribed in any treaty now existing between the government of the United States and the Nation of which such alien is citizen or subject; corporations composed of aliens other than those eligible to citizenship may hold lands only according to the terms of existing treaties.

It is generally believed here that the new bill would accomplish the end desired, namely the prevention of Japanese acquiring farming land and ranches.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 29.—Practically all day was devoted by President Wilson to the consideration of the situation arising from California's projected anti-alien land bill. The president was in frequent telegraphic communication with Secretary Bryan at Sacramento and laid the entire subject before the cabinet at a two hour's meeting. He also conferred with John Bassett Moore, acting secretary of state, who in turn was visited by Viscount Chinda, the Japanese ambassador.

No telegrams from or to Bryan were made public.

Assistant Secretary Moore declined to discuss the negotiations and reticence was maintained at the White House. That the president is somewhat worried about the outcome of the situation was only an impression gained from those who talked to him about the question.

As far as could be learned the attitude of the national government is still one of hope that the anti-alien bill will be along lines of those of New York, Missouri, Minnesota and other states.

## DIAZ NEGOTIATES WITH CARRANZA

REPORTS INDICATE THESE LEADERS WILL UNITE FORCES

By Associated Press.  
KADIKU PASS, Tex., April 29.—Reports of negotiations for an alliance between Felix Diaz and Governor Carranza, the constitutionalist leader, are afloat and have been spread here by four alleged agents of the two leaders. Active hostilities have apparently ceased, and it is said that Generals Ahuero and Lopez, Diaz commanders, are negotiating to join the constitutionalist cause.

## ARREST NEW YORK POLICE OFFICERS

HIGH OFFICIALS CHARGED WITH SYSTEMATIC GRAFTING

By Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, April 29.—Four high police officers, declared by the district attorney to have figured in a system of police graft, were placed on trial before the supreme court today, accused of conspiring for the perversion and obstruction of justice. The defendants are James E. Husey, Dennis Sweeney, J. F. Thompson and J. J. Murtha, all former inspectors. The defendants were denied bail and locked up in the tombs.